## Unit 6 Vocabulary (Review and Exam)

1	File operation	<ul> <li>a. A list of disallowed senders</li> <li>b. The way a file is accessed</li> <li>c. Using files in Python program</li> <li>d. Save buffered data and close the file</li> </ul>
2	Mode	<ul> <li>a. A list of disallowed senders</li> <li>b. The way a file is accessed</li> <li>c. Using files in a Python program</li> <li>d. Save buffered data and close the file</li> </ul>
3	Flush	<ul> <li>a. A list of disallowed senders</li> <li>b. The way a file is accessed</li> <li>c. Using files in Python program</li> <li>d. Save buffered data and close the file</li> </ul>
4	Blocklist	<ul> <li>a. A list of disallowed senders</li> <li>b. The way a file is accessed</li> <li>c. Using files in Python program</li> <li>d. Save buffered data and close the file</li> </ul>
5	with	<ul> <li>a. A type of loop that automatically closes a file</li> <li>b. A function that removes characters from the beginning of a string</li> <li>c. Operators used in a loop to check if a value does or doesn't exist</li> <li>d. A function that returns True if the string begins with the argument</li> </ul>
6	startswith()	<ul> <li>a. A type of loop that automatically closes a file</li> <li>b. A function that removes characters from the beginning of a string</li> <li>c. Operators used in a loop to check if a value does or doesn't exist</li> <li>d. A function that returns True of the string begins with the argument</li> </ul>
7	in / not in	<ul> <li>a. A type of loop that automatically closes a file</li> <li>b. A function that removes characters from the beginning of a string</li> <li>c. Operators used in a loop to check if a value does or doesn't exist</li> <li>d. A function that returns True of the string begins with the argument</li> </ul>
8	whitespace	<ul> <li>a. A way to insert special characters in a string</li> <li>b. Appending or joining a string</li> <li>c. A multidimensional list</li> <li>d. Characters in a string that are not visible, like a tab</li> </ul>
9	concatenation	<ul> <li>a. A way to insert special characters in a string</li> <li>b. Appending or joining a string</li> <li>c. A multidimensional list</li> <li>d. Characters in a string that are not visible, like a tab</li> </ul>
10	matrix	<ul> <li>a. A way to insert special characters in a string</li> <li>b. Appending or joining a string</li> <li>c. A multidimensional list</li> <li>d. Characters in a string that are not visible, like a tab</li> </ul>

## **Unit 6 Review Questions (in Kahoot)**

```
What data structure is used to freqs = \{
1
                                                                 a. String
      store the notes and
                                                                 b. List
                                          "A": 1760,
                                                                 c. Dictionary
      frequencies for the jukebox?
                                          "B": 1976,
                                                                 d. Tuple
                                          "C": 1047,
                                          "D": 1175.
                                          "E": 1319,
2
      What data structure is used to store the song files for the
                                                                 a. String
                                                                 b. List
      jukebox?
                                                                 c. Dictionary
        song files = [
                                                                 d. Tuple
              'jingle bells song.csv',
              'twinkle twinkle song.csv',
              'rain rain song.csv',
              'black sheep song.csv'
        1
3
      What is the data structure of a?
                                                                 a. List of strings
                                                                 b. String
        a = 'A B C'
                                                                 c. List with a list of two strings
                                                                 d. List with a list of string and integer
4
      What is the data structure of b?
                                                                 a. List of strings
                                                                 b. Strina
       b = ['A', 'B', 'C']
                                                                 c. List with a list of two strings
                                                                 d. List with a list of string and integer
5
      What is the data structure of d?
                                                                 a. List of strings
                                                                 b. String
       d = [['A', '1'], ['B', '2'], ['C', '3']]
                                                                 c. List with a list of two strings
                                                                 d. List with a list of string and integer
6
      What does the code do?
                                                                 a. Opens file "thing_name" in read-only mode
                                                                 b. Opens the file "thing_name" in write mode
       something = open('thing name')
                                                                 c. Writes the file "something" to "thing_name"
                                                                 d. Splits the contents of "thing_name" into a list of lists
7
      What does this code do?
                                                                 a. Opens file "thing_name" in read-only mode
                                                                 b. Opens the file "thing_name" in write mode
       something = open('thing name', 'w')
                                                                 c. Writes the file "something" to "thing_name"
                                                                 d. Splits the contents of "thing_name" into a list of lists
8
      Why would you use with to open a file?
                                                                 a. It opens more quickly than f = open(filename)
                                                                 b. It merges two files together
                                                                 c. It will close the file automatically
                                                                 d. It appends the new file with an open file
9
      Given this code, what is x?
                                                                 a. A line in the file
       with open(email file, 'r') as f:
                                                                 b. A character in the file
                                                                 c. The heading of the email
            for x in f:
                                                                 d. The entire file
                  print(x)
```

10	<pre>What does this code do? with open(email_file, 'r') as f:     email = ''     for line in f:         email = email + line.strip()     print(email)</pre>	<ul> <li>a. Creates a dictionary of lines from a file</li> <li>b. Removes whitespace from a line and appends to a list</li> <li>c. Removes whitespace from a line and appends to a string</li> <li>d. Adds a blank line to a file and creates a matrix</li> </ul>
11	What line of code will return a string from an open file?	a. f.open() b. f.close() <mark>c. f.read()</mark> d. f.readline()
12	What line of code will return a list of strings from an open file?	af.open() b. f.close() c. f.read() <mark>d. f.readline()</mark>
13	What does this code do? <pre>something.write('Hello World')</pre>	<ul> <li>a. Assigns the string 'Hello World' to "something"</li> <li>b. Writes 'Hello World' to the console</li> <li>c. Creates a writable file named "Hello World"</li> <li>d. Writes the text 'Hello World' to the file represented by "something"</li> </ul>
14	What code converts a string into a list? See example below: a = "A B C" b = ["A", "B", "C"]	<ul> <li>a. b = a.split()</li> <li>b. a = b.split()</li> <li>c. b = a.split(',')</li> <li>d. a = b.split(',')</li> </ul>
15	What code converts a string with commas into a list? See example below: a = "A,6" b = ["A", "6"]	a. b = a.split() b. a = b.split() c. b = a.split(';') d. a = b.split(';')
16	<pre>What does this code do? for note, beats in song:     f = freqs[note]     spkr.pitch(f)     sleep(beats)</pre>	<ul> <li>a. Causes an error</li> <li>b. Traverse a list of lists in a for loop to play notes of a song</li> <li>c. Use two variables in a for loop to play notes of a song</li> <li>d. Traverse a list of notes to play a song</li> </ul>
17	<pre>What does this code do? song_list = [] for filename in song_files:     s = decode_song_file(filename)     song_list.append(s)</pre>	<ul> <li>a. Creates a list of song filenames</li> <li>b. Removes song filenames from a list</li> <li>c. Splits a list of songs into notes</li> <li>d. Creates a list of lists, which contain notes of songs</li> </ul>
18	Given the code, what will print?	a. 'message' <mark>b. Python codingI love it!</mark> c. Python codingI love it! d. None

	<pre>line = " Python codingI love it! " message = line.strip() if message.startswith("Py"):     print(message) else:     print('none')</pre>	
19	<pre>Given the code, what will print? message = 'Earth Day' new_text = message[1:4] print(new_text)</pre>	a. Earth Day b. arth <mark>c. art</mark> d. message[1:4]
20	<pre>Given the code, what will print? message = 'Monday!' new_text = message[3:] print(new_text)</pre>	a. An error occurs b. day c. nday! <mark>d. day!</mark>
21	What condition identifies the start of the body of an email?	a. line == f.body b. line.strip() == ' ' c. f.body == ' ' d. line.strip() == '\r\n'
22	<pre>Given the code, what will print? message = "I love Python coding" if 'love' not in message:     print('*') else:     print(message)</pre>	<ul> <li>a. I love Python coding</li> <li>b. *</li> <li>c. *I love Python coding</li> <li>d. An error occurs</li> </ul>
23	<pre>Given the code, what will print? message = "I am sad" if 'sad' in message:     message = message.replace('sad', 'HAPPY') print(message)</pre>	a. I am sad <mark>b. I am HAPPY</mark> c. HAPPY d. An error occurs
24	<pre>What does this code do? bl_entry = eml['from'] + ',' f.write(bl_entry)</pre>	<ul> <li>a. Removes the comma (,) from an entry and writes to a file</li> <li>b. Adds a comma to the end of an entry and writes to a file</li> <li>c. Checks if the entry has a comma, and if so writes to a file</li> <li>d. Separates entries in a list and then writes to a file</li> </ul>
25	What does this code do? if sender in blocklist: os.remove(filename)	<ul> <li>a. Iterates over the blocklist list and removes a file if sender is in the list</li> <li>b. Checks if the word 'sender' is in the 'blocklist', and then removes a file</li> <li>c. Iterates over the sender list and removes a file if blocklist is in the list</li> <li>d. Reads from the blocklist file and removes a file if sender is found.</li> </ul>

## Unit 6 Exam Questions (in Microsoft Forms)

1	<pre>What is the data type of citrus? citrus = {     'orange': 20,     'lemon' : 25,     'lime' : 30, }</pre>	a. String b. List c. Tuple <mark>d. Dictionary</mark>
2	What is the data type of veggies? veggies = [ 'carrots', 'peas', 'green beans' ]	a. String <mark>b. List</mark> c. Tuple d. Dictionary
3	What is the data type of x? x = 'h e l l o'	a. String b. List c. Tuple d. List of strings
4	What is the data type of y? y = ['h', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o']	a. String <mark>b. List of strings</mark> c. List of lists with 2 strings d. List of lists with a string and integer
5	What is the data type of z? z = [['h', 1], ['e', 1], ['l', 2], ['o', 1]]	<ul> <li>a. A string and an integer</li> <li>b. List of strings</li> <li>c. List of lists with 2 strings</li> <li>d. List of lists with a string and integer</li> </ul>
6	What does the code do? <pre>something = open('thing_name')</pre>	<ul> <li>a. Opens the file "thing_name" in write mode</li> <li>b. Opens file "thing_name" in read-only mode</li> <li>c. Writes the file "something" to "thing_name"</li> <li>d. Splits the contents of "thing_name" into a list of lists</li> </ul>
7	<pre>What does this code do? something = open('thing_name', 'w')</pre>	<ul> <li>a. Opens file "thing_name" in read-only mode</li> <li>b. Writes the file "something" to "thing_name"</li> <li>c. Opens the file "thing_name" in write mode</li> <li>d. Splits the contents of "thing_name" into a list of lists</li> </ul>
8	Why would you use <b>with</b> to open a file?	<ul> <li>a. It will close the file automatically</li> <li>b. It opens more quickly than f = open(filename)</li> <li>c. It merges two files together</li> <li>d. It appends the new file with an open file</li> </ul>
9	<pre>Given this code, what is x? with open(email_file, 'r') as f:     for x in f:         print(x)</pre>	<ul> <li>a. The entire file</li> <li>b. A character in the file</li> <li>c. A line in the file</li> <li>d. The heading of the email</li> </ul>

10	<pre>What does this code do? with open(email_file, 'r') as f:     email = ''     for line in f:         email = email + line.strip()     print(email)</pre>	<ul> <li>a. Creates a dictionary of lines from a file</li> <li>b. Removes whitespace from a line and appends to a string</li> <li>c. Removes whitespace from a line and appends to a list</li> <li>d. Adds a blank line to a file and creates a matrix</li> </ul>
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18	What condition identifies the start of the body of an email?	a. line == f.body b. line.strip() == '' c. f.body == '' d. line.strip() == '\r\n'

19	<pre>What will print when the code runs? line = " Growth Mindset" message = line.strip() if message.startswith('Mi'): print("Excellent") else: print(message)</pre>	a. Excellent b. Growth Mindset c. Growth Mindset d. An error odcurs
20	<pre>What will print when the code runs? message = "Ada Lovelace" new_text = message[4:9] print(new_text)</pre>	<mark>a. 'Lovel'</mark> b. 'Love' c. 'Love' d. 'Lovela'
21	<pre>What will print when the code runs? message = "Coding is fun!" new_text = message[7:] print(new_text)</pre>	a. ' is fun' b. is fun <mark>c. is fun!</mark> d. An error occurs
22	<pre>What will print when the code runs? message = "Coding is fun!" if 'fun' not in message:     print(message) else:     print(':(')</pre>	a. An error occurs b. Coding is fun! c. fun d. :(
23	<pre>What will print when the code runs? message = "I will sleep" if 'will' in message:     message = message.replace("will", "won't") print(message)</pre>	a. I will sleep b. I won't sleep c. will won't d. won't
24	<pre>What does this code do? bl_entry = eml['from'] + ',' f.write(bl_entry)</pre>	<ul> <li>a. Separates entries in a list and then writes to a file</li> <li>b. Removes the comma (,) from an entry and writes to a file</li> <li>c. Checks if the entry has a comma, and if so writes to a file</li> <li>d. Adds a comma to the end of an entry and writes to a file</li> </ul>
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